

Northeast Diesel Collaborative Steering Committee Meeting

Locomotive and Marine Emission Reduction
Technology Progress

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October 11, 2006



Control Technologies

Hardware PM Emission Effectiveness



Closed Crank Case Filter





APU

Off-board Emission Control System (SCR, Scrubber, Cartridge Collector)





Selective Catalytic Reduction (NOx)



TSE

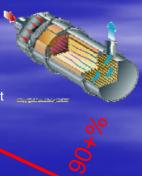


Engine Rebuild

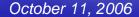


Diesel rticulat Filter

Performance Oxidation Catalyst







Engine Repower



Technology Progress

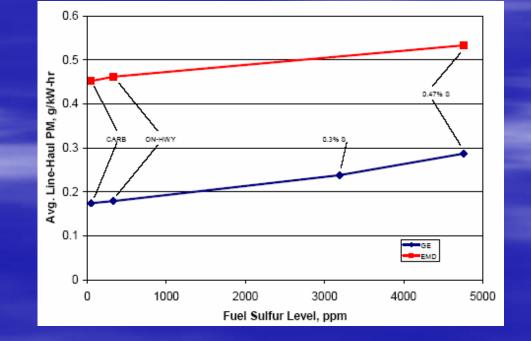
- Research & Development (R&D)
 - Systematic study of technology in a lab environment
- Proof of Concept (PoC)
 - Proven technology in a new or different application
 - Demonstration in principle, Prototype
- Demonstration (PoC extension, pre-verification)
 - Performance and in-use durability testing, optimization
- Deployment
 - Verified/Certified product, warranty, part #, etc.



LSD vs. ULSD Fuel

	Current	June 2006	June 2007	June 2010	June 2012
On-Road	500	15	15	15	15
Off-Road	~3,000	~3,000	500	15	15
Marine/Rail	~3,000	~3,000	500	500	15

 Most Marine and Rail emission control technologies are actually LSD tolerant



ICEF2005-1228, S. Fritz et al, SWRI, ASME

October 11, 2006



Marine Overview

- APU Standard Equipment
- Dock Electrification Cold Ironing (Yes)
- DOC (Demo Yes), HPDOC (No, PoC)
- Rebuild to newer standard (Yes)
- Repower to Tier 2 (Yes)
- SCR/DOC (SIF demo Yes, 500-ppm fuel)
- DPF (Europe only, low sulfur fuel is the only stumbling block, active DPF systems are 500-ppm tolerant)
- Sea Water Scrubbing (PoC outside US)
- Off-Board Emission Control System (Planned demo, CA)



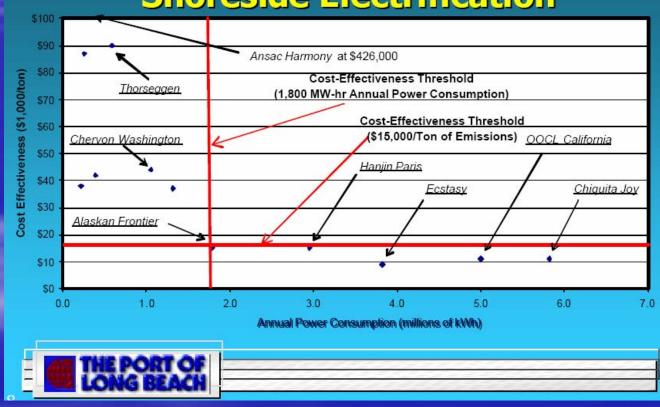
Marine Cold Ironing





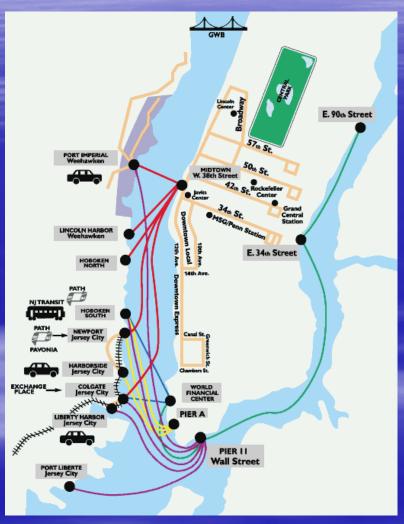
Marine Cold Ironing

Cost-Effectiveness of Retrofitting Shoreside Electrification





Marine Diesel Oxidation Catalyst



NYSERDA, Private Ferry Retrofit

- Main Engine DOC Retrofits
 - •DOC + Fuel Borne Catalyst
 - •DOC
 - LSD and ULSD fuels
 - •SCR (proposed, not implemented)







Marine Engine Repowers (Tier 2)

- PANYNJ, Commercial Marine Vessel Repowers (>20 vessels)
 - •Repower main engines with New Tier-2 and IMO-40%
 - Tug/Tow Boats
 - Excursion Vessels
 - Ferry (BPJ proposed)
 - Existing Engine Scrapped
 - NOx/PM reductions
- •SIF Barberi Class Rebuilds (2 vessels)
 - •MV Newhouse, Tier 1 Rebuild for EMD 2-stroke engines (4 of 8 complete)
 - •Tier 2 Rebuilds for Molinari Class







Marine SCR/DOC

PANYNJ – Staten Island Ferry

•Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR)

>70% NOx reduction

•Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (LSD, 500-ppm fuel)

~75% CO reduction

~75% HC reduction

~40% PM reduction





Marine DPF

Certainly Possible, Fewer Space Concerns

- •Non-US Marine DPFs are mostly active regen
- •ULSD fuel not required until 2012, LSD in 2007 (Active DPFs are lightly catalyzed)
- •Passive DPFs considered for SIF Austen Class Auxiliary Engines but no ULSD at that time
- •Active SCR/DPF considered for SIF Barberi Class but Tier 1 rebuilds implemented first

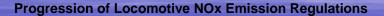


Locomotive Overview

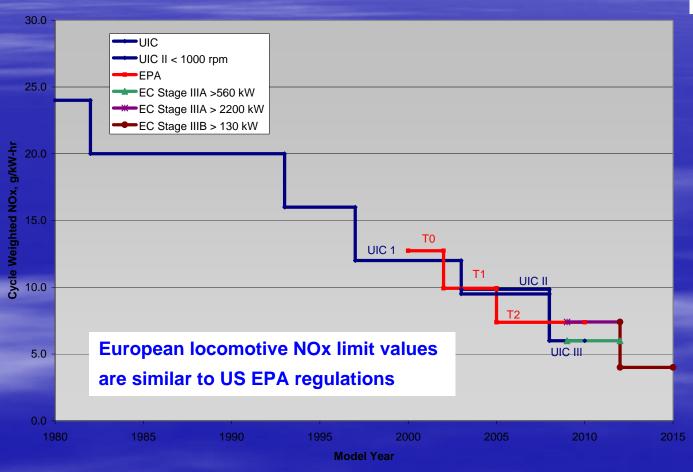
- AESS Automatic Start/Stop idle management (Yes)
- APU Small IC unit separate from HEP units (Yes)
- Wayside Electrification i.e. Electric Coolant/Oil heaters, battery charge (Yes)
- DOC/HPDOC (Proof, Demo in progress, MA, CA, BC)
- Rebuild to newer standard (Yes for Tier 0, demo for Tier 1)
- Repower to Tier 2 (No), Tier 3 off-road (Yes, Genset locomotives)
- Hybrid Electric (Yes, Green Goat)
- LNG Switchers (4-1200 hp located in CA, 11-year experience)
- DOC (UP/BNSF Demo planned in CA)
- SCR/DPF (Planned Metrolink HEP and 12-710 demo in CA)
- Off-Board Emission Control System (Roseville PoC complete in CA)



Locomotive NOx Standards

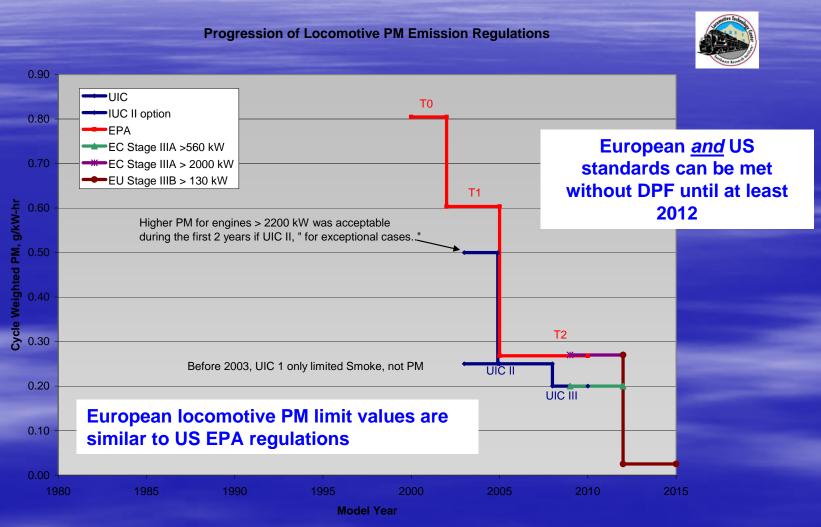






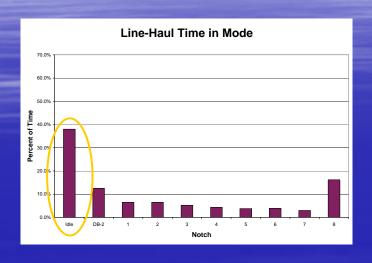


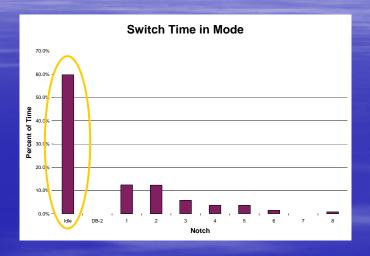
Locomotive PM Standards





Locomotive Time in Mode

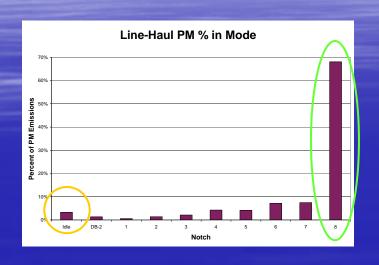


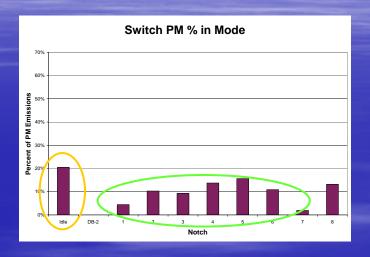


- Annual Locomotive Idle time is significant portion of operation
- •Idle reduction technologies and measures can save upwards of 7,500 to 12,000 gallons annually per locomotive
- •Idle technologies reduce emissions, fuel and have a favorable return on investment



Locomotive Emission in Mode

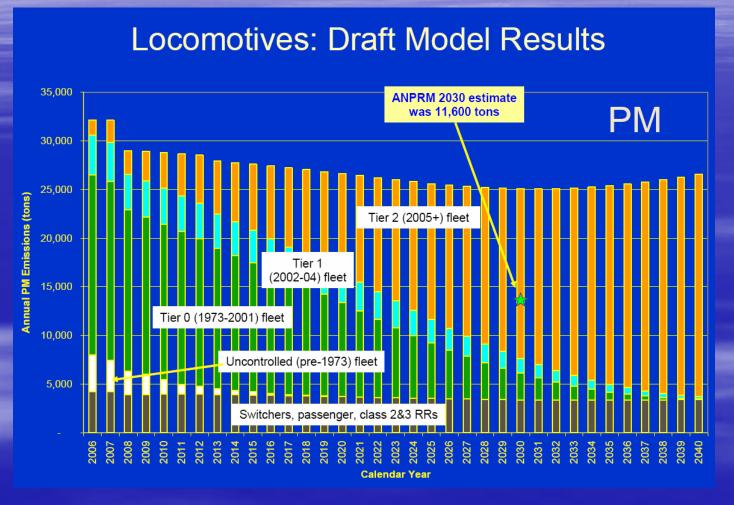




- Idle PM emissions annually are about
 - 3% of total PM for Line-Haul, >20% for Switch
- •Other technologies (i.e. DOC/DPF/SCR) are needed to achieve greater NOx and PM reductions in higher fuel consumption notches



Locomotive Inventory





Locomotive Idle Minimization

- •Idle Technologies
 - •AESS
 - •APU
 - •Electrification
- Parameters Monitored
 - Coolant Temperature
 - Air Pressure (brakes)
 - Battery Voltage (for restart)
 - Ambient Temperature
- •Benefits Include
 - •Fuel Savings
 - Emission Savings
 - •Reduced Noise





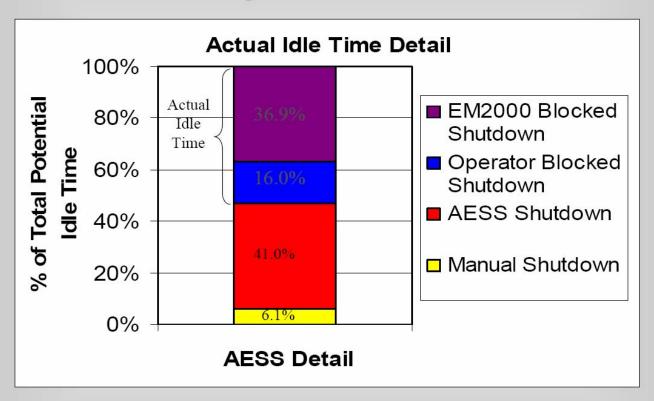






Locomotive Idle Emissions

AESS Impact on Emissions



ELECTRO MOTIVE



Locomotive DOC (1)

•DOC - PoC

- •DOCs located in exhaust manifold to conserve heat, reduced risk of face plugging
- On turbo engines, DOC is pre- turbocharger
- •MBTA, Boston
- SwRI Evaluation







Locomotive DOC (2)

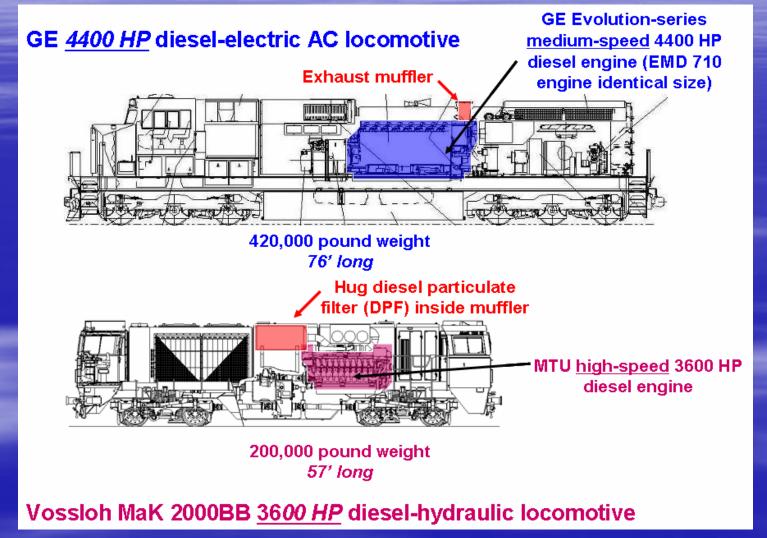
- •DOC Demo
 - •UP, BNSF, California
 - SwRI Pre-evaluation







Locomotive (US vs. Euro)





UP/BNSF DPF Switchers (4), CA









Hybrid/Genset Switchers

Railpower

- Green Goat [™] (UP has 10 in TX, 11 in CA)
- Genset Switcher (UP has 98 ordered for TX)
- National RailwayEquipment (NRE)
 - •Genset Switcher (UP has 60 ordered for CA)
 - •Was Tier 2, now Tier 3 no after treatment yet







BNSF, LNG Switchers, CA





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SwRI, WA 1-2 w/ EPA

- Preliminary work assignment to determine feasibility SCR for Tier 3, Tier 4 standards
 - Stakeholder prelim meetings in 2006
- Proof of Concept designs for:
 - SCR/DOC and SCR/DPF
 - Marine and Rail Applications
- Potential for an additional EPA sponsored marine SCR demonstration



Locomotive Information



Southwest Research Institute

- Original SwRI and other Rail presentations as presented to California ARB are available on CARB locomotive web page
 - http://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/offroad/loco/loco.htm