

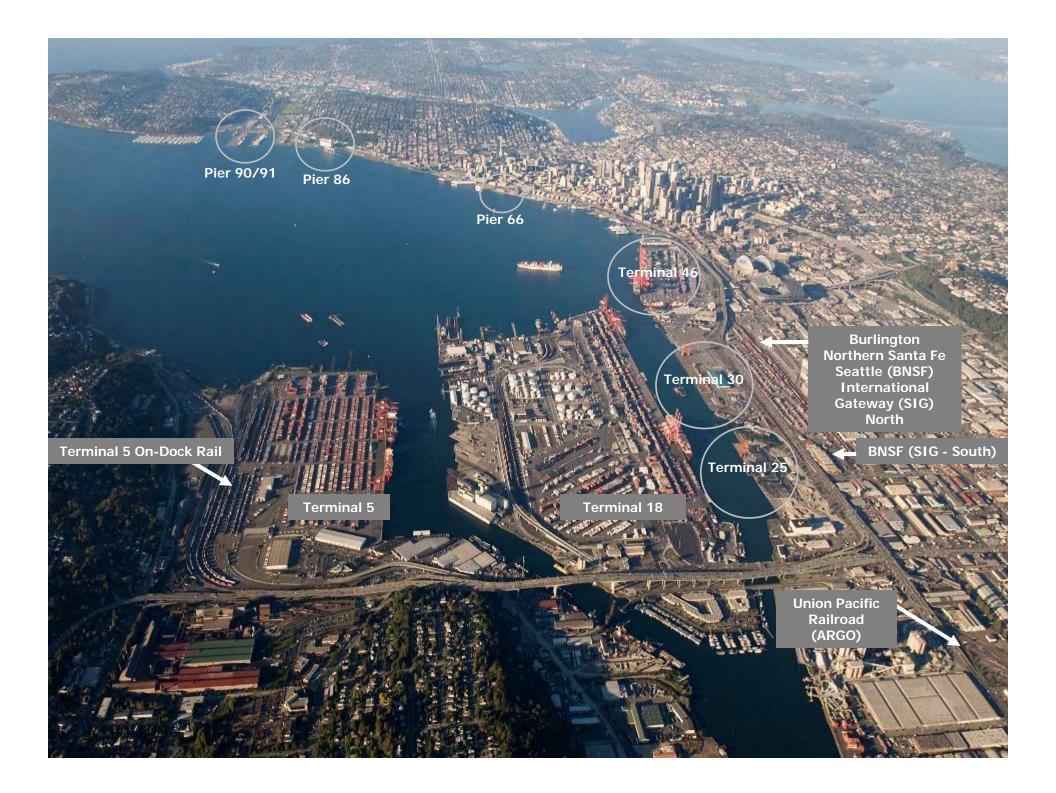


Port Overview

- Independent municipal corporation created in 1911
- 5 Commissioners elected at large
- Diverse operations
 - Cargo (container & breakbulk)
 - Alaska Cruise Homeport
 - Recreational Marinas
 - Commercial Moorage
 - Seattle-Tacoma International Airport
 - Commercial Real Estate
- Broad Economic Impact
 - Supported nearly 200,000 jobs
 - Over \$12 billion in business revenue
 - \$625 million in state and local taxes









Seaport Air Quality Program

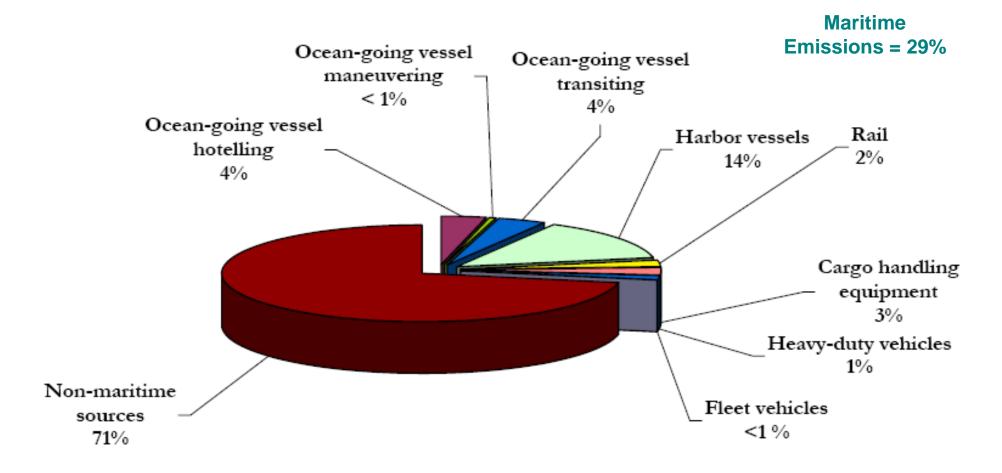
- Collaborative, voluntary approach
- Pollutants of concern:
 - Diesel particulate matter
 - Greenhouse gases
- Reduce impacts on public health and the environment while maintaining a vibrant seaport
- Fact-based
- Looking for both emission reductions and goods movement efficiencies

Puget Sound Maritime Air Emissions Inventory

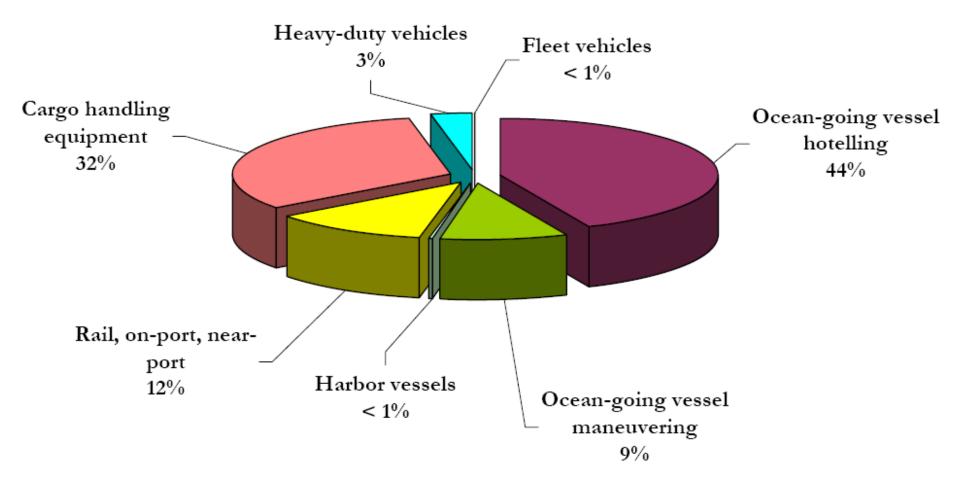
- 2005 activity based inventory
- Spans ~140 miles south-to-north; 160 miles west-to-east
- Close coordination
 Canada
- First to include greenhouse gases



Diesel Particulate Matter Puget Sound Clean Air Agency Region



Diesel Particulate Matter Port of Seattle Seaport



Source: 2005 Puget Sound Maritime Air Emissions Inventory



Northwest Ports Clean Air Strategy

Port of Seattle Port of Tacoma Vancouver Port Authority

December 2007

























Environnement Canada



Strategy Approach

- Focused on diesel particulate matter and greenhouse gases
- Clear, measurable performance measures
 - Ocean-going vessels (OGV)
 - Cargo handling equipment (CHE)
 - Trucks
 - Rail
 - Harbor vessels
- Encourage ongoing innovation instead of mandated solutions
- Short Term (2010) and Long Term (2015) targets



Strategy Performance Measures

	2010	2015
Ocean-Going Vessels	Use 0.5% fuels in auxiliary engines while at berth	Meet IMO standards, goal of establishing an N.A. ECA
Cargo-Handling Equipment	Use of ULSD, meet Tier 2 or 3 PM standards	Best available emission control devices
Rail	Expedite U.S. EPA SmartWay standards	Comply with U.S. EPA 2007 locomotive rules
Trucks	All trucks must meet 1994 U.S. EPA PM emission standards	80% of trucks must meet 2007 U.S. EPA PM emission standards, 100% by 2017
Harbor Vessels	Low-sulfur fuels, new technologies	Advanced technology pilot projects



Implementation Status Ocean-Going Vessels

- Shore power for Princess Cruises and Holland America Line vessels
 - First port in N.A. where 2 ships can plug in simultaneously
- Application to U.S. DOE
 Transportation Electrification
 - Collaboration with Ports of Tacoma,
 Oakland, San Francisco, L.A., Long Beach, and City of Long Beach
 - Propose to install shore power at 8 berths along the West Coast
 - Nearly \$86 million in projects
- Continue to support EPA proposal to IMO for a Sulfur Emission Control Area (ECA)





Implementation Status Ocean-Going Vessels

- At-Berth Clean Fuels Vessel Incentive Program
 - Pilot program with Puget Sound Clean Air Agency
 - \$1,500 incentive for use of 0.5% sulfur fuel in auxiliary engines while at a Port of Seattle berth
 - Eligible lines must call 5 or more times/year
 - 7 Participating Lines:
 - Hapag-Lloyd
 - Matson
 - APL
 - CMA-CGM

- Maersk
- Norwegian Cruise Line
- COSCO

 Current participants represent 24% of all calls made in 2008



Implementation Status Cargo-Handling Equipment

- Cleaner Fuels
 - All terminals use ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel
 - 2 terminals use a 20% biodiesel blend
- Reducing Fuel Consumption
 - Hybrid RTGs
 - Terminal efficiencies
- Equipment Retrofits
 - 50% of CHE have made progress toward the 2010
 Strategy goal
 - Recent Federal and State grants to further progress
- Equipment Replacement
 - Terminals specifying on-road engines for new equipment



Implementation Status Rail

BNSF North SIG Yard Electrification

- First in North America to install wide-span, electric rail

mounted gantry cranes

SmartWay participation at rail yards

- Support U.S. EPA
 Locomotive and Marine
 Diesel Engine Rule
- Encourage railroads to retrofit switcher locomotives and to use ultra-low sulfur diesel



Implementation Status Harbor Vessels

- Led by Puget Sound Clean Air Agency
- Focusing on harbor tug operations
- Cleaner fuels
 - Foss Maritime and Crowley voluntarily switched to lower sulfur fuels in tug operations
- Cleaner engines
 - Foss Maritime has developed a hybrid tug engine



Implementation Status Clean Trucks Program

- Fleet Characterization completed 8/2007, updated 7/2008
 - 76% of trucks are MY 1994 or newer
- Proposed negotiation of lease amendments with MTOs to enforce standards
- Fee Free
- PSCAA buy-back and scrap program
 - \$5,000 or blue book value for pre-1994 trucks
 - Will need to prove truck has worked at Port of Seattle
- Developing a Small Business Assistance program

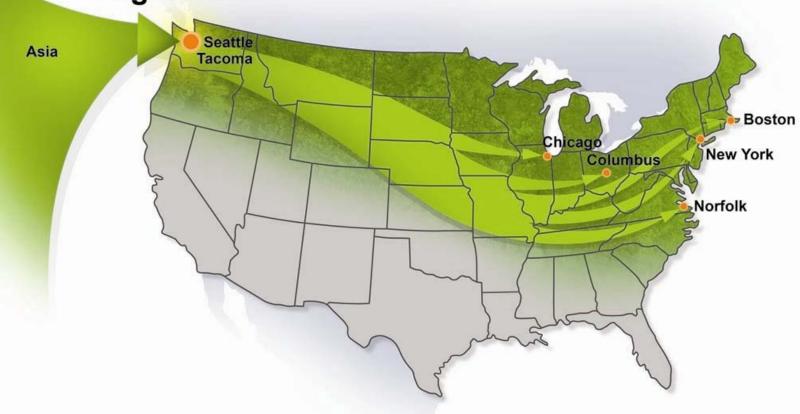


Truck Parking

- South Harbor Truck Parking Work Group
 - Purpose: To provide input on south harbor neighborhood parking and routing issues.
 - Partners include City, SDOT, community, industry, labor, and environmental groups.
 - Recommendations presented to Commission and City Council in May 2009
- Selection of a temporary site at Terminal 25 South
 - 3 acres
 - Available July 2009
 - No fees

THE GREEN GATEWAY

Puget Sound





The Green Gateway Overview

- "Carbon Footprint Study for the Asia to North America Intermodal Trade"
 - Conducted by Herbert Engineering for Port of Seattle
- First assessment to evaluate the carbon impacts of the transportation supply chain from origin to destination
- Analysis determined tons carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e) per TEU from Asia to points in U.S. mainland



The Green Gateway Methodology

- Vessel sizes: 4,500 to 12,500 TEU
- Asian Origin Ports:
 - Shanghai, Hong Kong, Singapore
- North American Ports:
 - Prince Rupert, Seattle, Los Angeles/Long Beach,
 Houston, Savannah, Norfolk, New York/New Jersey
- North American Destination Cities:
 - Chicago, Columbus, Memphis



The Green Gateway Methodology

Routings:

- West Coast ports and intermodal trains to destination cities
- All-water via Panama Canal to Gulf and East Coast Cities
- All-water via Suez Canal to Gulf and East Coast Cities
- Independent review:
 - University of Washington
 - Seattle Climate Partnership
 - Industry (3PLs, shippers, carriers, railroads)



The Green Gateway Implications

- The West Coast ports are the most energyefficient gateways from Asia to U.S. consumers
- The Pacific Northwest ports have a slightly lower carbon footprint from Asia than any other port in North America
- Study adds data to the emerging field of carbon footprint assessments of supply chains



Looking Ahead....

- Continue implementation of the Northwest Ports Clean Air Strategy
 - Work with tenants and customers to reduce emissions and fuel consumption
- Seeking to better understand our footprint
- Engaged in regional, national, and international efforts to address emissions from goods movement



Where a Sustainable World is Headed

Sarah Flagg 206-728-3249 flagg.s@portseattle.org